



ERC frontier research contribution to EU4Health

The European Research Council (ERC) follows a strictly bottom-up approach to funding research proposals, with excellence as the sole criterion for selection. The research that ERC grantees pursue, free of any thematic objectives, generates results that address a wide range of issues with significant socioeconomic, environmental and policy relevance. As a result, this rich and diverse portfolio of frontier research generates new knowledge and proposes concrete solutions for addressing some of the most pressing policy priorities of the European Commission. This is the case for the over 2000 projects funded by the ERC, worth more than €4 billion, in the Horizon 2020 (H2020) Framework Programme (2014–2020) that are relevant for 'EU4Health'.

ERC frontier research contribution to EU4Health

This fact sheet provides an overview of the projects relevant for the selected areas of <u>EU4Health</u>. The projects were funded under the Starting Grant (StG), Consolidator Grant (CoG), Advanced Grant (AdG) and Synergy Grant (SyG) schemes launched in the H2020 Framework Programme (2014–2020)*



Areas of interest for EU4Health



COVID-19



Other non-communicable diseases



Infectious diseases



Public health and healthcare



Tools, therapies and digital health



Other health-related research



Brain and human mind research

2281 ERC-funded projects, worth €4613 million

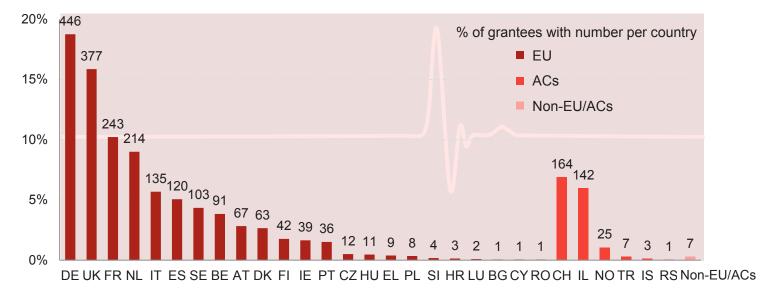
Physical sciences and engineering

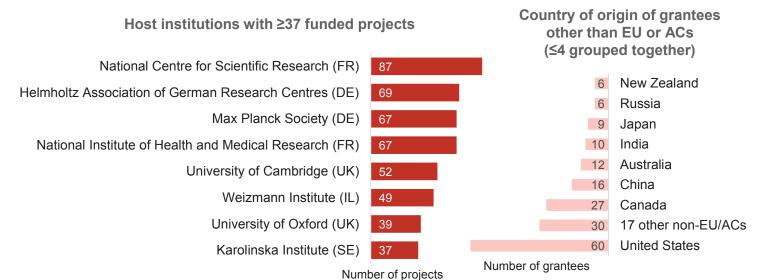
Life sciences 1482 projects, €3046M Social sciences and humanities 391 projects, €723M

408 projects, €844M

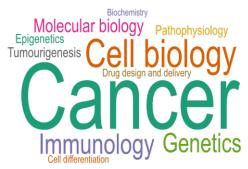
Distribution of ERC-funded projects in Horizon 2020

2377 grantees lead 2281 projects and are based in 23 EU Member States, 6 Associated Countries (ACs) and 3 non-EU/ACs





The scientific landscape of frontier research projects contributing to the selected EU4Health areas





Cancer 527 projects, €1082 million

Metabolic diseases Inflammation Immunology Metabolism

Cardiovascular systems

Pathophysiology Cell biology

Immunological disease mechanisms
Cell differentiation Genetics



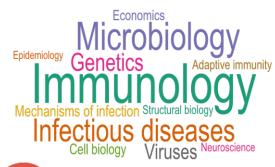
Other non-communicable diseases

280 projects, €550 million

Immunology Genetics



Infectious diseases 222 projects, €438 million





COVID-19 192 projects, €420 million

Neural development Neurological disorders Neural cell function euroscience Cognitive neuroscience Neural basis of cognition



Brain and human mind research 600 projects, €1232 million



Pathophysiology

Public health and healthcare 316 projects, €618 million

Optical devices and systems **Biophysics** Neuroscience Pharmacology **Biomaterials** Biomedical engineering Drug design and delivery Personalised medicine Materials engineering

Biological, medicinal chemistry



Tools, therapies and digital health 678 projects, €1392 million

Genetics Epigenetics Molecular biolog Biochemistry Developmental biology



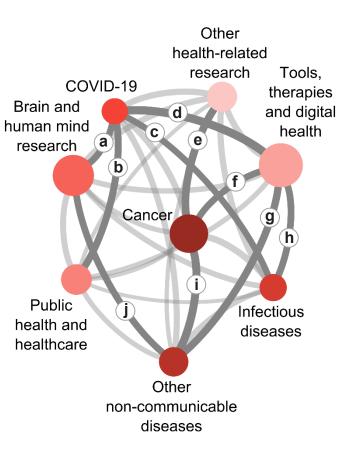
Other health-related research 299 projects, €590 million

The word clouds represent the most prevalent scientific fields in the pool of ERC projects identified as relevant for each of the selected areas of EU4Health. The total number of projects under each area as well as the budget are indicated. 30% of the 2281 projects contribute to two or more of these areas.

Scientific synergies and methodological developments in the selected EU4Health areas

Scientific synergies among EU4Health areas

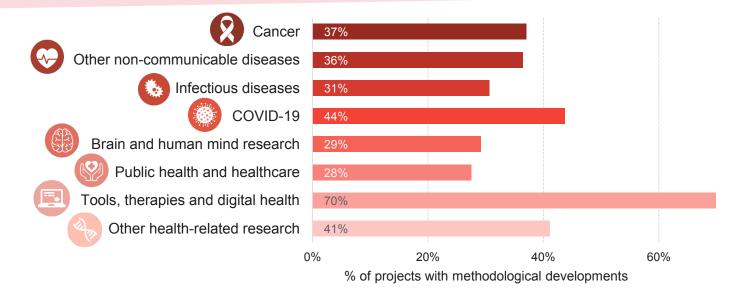
The nodes represent the selected areas of EU4Health and their size is proportional to the number of projects. These areas are interconnected and the strength of this connection is represented by the thickness of the arc, which is proportional to the number of shared scientific fields. The most representative scientific fields for the main connections, highlighted with letters, are listed.



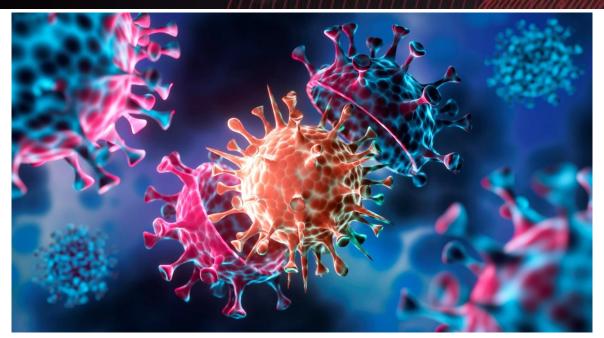
- Immunology; Genetics, Cell biology; Structural biology; Neuroscience
- **b** Genetics; Immunology; Cell biology; Economics; Epidemiology; Neuroscience
- c Immunology; Infectious diseases; Microbiology; Genetics; Cell biology; Structural biology; Epidemiology
- Immunology; Genetics; Cell biology; Microbiology; Infectious diseases; Structural biology
- Molecular biology; Cell biology; Genetics; Structural biology; Biochemistry; Immunology
- Cancer; Biomedical engineering; Diagnostics; Immunology; Pharmacology; Stem cells, regeneration
- g Immunology; Cell biology; Genetics; Regenerative medicine; Biomedical engineering; Diagnostics; Molecular biology
- h Immunology; Cell biology; Genetics; Molecular biology; Structural biology
- Immunology; Pathophysiology; Cell biology; Genetics; Biomedical engineering; Diagnostics; Molecular biology
- Cell biology; Genetics; Pathophysiology; Biomedical engineering; Diagnostics; Molecular biology

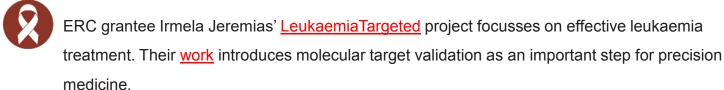
Methodological developments in projects contributing to the selected EU4Health areas

The main methodological development in the projects relevant for the selected EU4Health areas is in the field of *Computational modelling, simulations* with in silico model and machine learning being the focus. Other prominent methodological developments are *Experimental methods* with a focus on imaging and microscopy and *Animal models* with a focus on humanized and engineered mouse models.



Examples of projects contributing to the selected EU4Health areas





- At the University of Cyprus, <u>Triantafyllos Stylianopoulos</u> focusses on biomechanical aspects of tumour microenvironment to predict immunotherapy outcome. Their team developed a mathematical model for this <u>Immuno-Predictor</u> project that was also used to study COVID-19 disease progression.
- Nuria Montserrat studies kidney diseases and in particular how to regenerate mammal's kidneys by modelling genetic kidney disorders. The engineered mini-organs developed with the REGMAMKID project have served as model to study SARS-CoV-2 infection.
- With <u>vAMRes</u>, Rino Rappuoli originally tackled <u>antibiotic resistance</u> through the technology of reverse vaccinology, which was then used to screen for preventive and therapeutic tools against SARS-CoV-2.
- Csaba Pál's <u>resistance evolution</u> project and its proof of concept <u>Aware</u> provide unprecedented knowledge about <u>antibiotic resistance</u> evolution and tools to identify at an early stage of drug development antibiotic agents that are less prone to resistance growth.
- Madeleine Lowery's <u>DBSModel</u> project and its proof of concept <u>DBScontrol</u> aimed at improving the control of <u>Parkinson's disease</u> symptoms by advancing the use of closed-loop deep brain stimulation.

Examples of projects contributing to the selected EU4Health areas



Juergen Knoblich's <u>MiniBrain</u> generated brain organoids, a highly cost-effective tool in the discovery and development of therapies for <u>neurodegenerative and developmental diseases</u>.



The <u>AGNES</u> project studied the <u>determinants and modifiers of active ageing</u>, including a study on the quality of life during COVID-19 pandemic.



<u>Maria Collado</u> studies the mechanisms behind the protective role of maternal microbes on the baby's health. Their <u>MAMI</u> project opens up possibilities for research and applications in the field of personalized nutrition and medicine, for mothers and infants.



<u>SmartCardiacPatch</u> engineered a miniature heart, 3D-printed using biological materials from human patients, together with the next generation smart implantable <u>cardiac patches</u> to enable monitoring the organ in real-time.



Daniel Miller leads a world-wide <u>SmartPhoneSmartAging</u> project examining the <u>global impact of</u> <u>new social media</u> and how the rise of the smartphone is changing people's relationship to age and health.



The <u>GutBCells</u> project developed techniques to visualize the immune system and study the antibody <u>immune response</u> in the gut.

